# **Environmental Statement** 2024 Issue

Reporting Year 2023











Lufthansa CityLine



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# Foreword

## Dear readers,

With this year's edition of our Environmental Statement, we have reached another milestone: the complete joint validation of our two companies Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine, including our two locations in Frankfurt am Main and Munich. This allows us to pool our local expertise. As a result, we can leverage synergies even better and maximise the effectiveness of our measures to reduce our  $CO_2$  emissions and conserve resources.

Thanks to the tireless efforts of our environmental coordinators and our constantly growing network of collaboration partners, we were able to make decisive progress on numerous key topics in the reporting year. The highlights certainly include our research collaboration on power-toliquid aviation fuels, the effective measures we have taken to improve fuel efficiency and our progress towards more resource-efficient service on board our aircraft. We have also developed new training formats to further sensitise our workforce to the importance of environmental awareness in day-to-day operations. You can find out more about these and further topics in this environmental statement. In parallel to these successes and the encouraging recovery in demand for air travel, we are also facing challenges. These include operational and weather-related irregularities as well as the challenging geopolitical situation, which continue to affect our business operations. We would also like to address the political challenges in connection with the EU's Fit for 55 climate protection package: it is essential for the future of European aviation that politics and business work together to shape a path towards more sustainable air travel that preserves the competitiveness of European airlines.

We are aware of our responsibility and are consistently pursuing our goal of achieving a neutral carbon footprint by 2050. By 2030, we want to halve our net  $CO_2$  emissions compared to 2019. We will be measured against this target and will continue to work passionately to achieve it moving forward.

We hope you enjoy reading this report!

**Jens Ritter** Chief Executive Officer Lufthansa Airlines

Wolfgang Diefenbach Managing Director Lufthansa CityLine GmbH

Tehly

Jens Fehlinger Managing Director Lufthansa CityLine GmbH



# **Voices of the** environmental coordinators

A total of 40 environmental coordinators have been assigned in all departments at Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine. They form the core of our environmental management system. With an elevated level of personal commitment, they carry the environmental concept into the organisation and are committed to continuous improvements in all business processes.



Peter Willenborg Green Mobility Trainee, Lufthansa Group

"I'm working as a Green Mobility Trainee in the Lufthansa Airlines sustainability team for six months. Here I'm learning a lot about the strategic course Lufthansa is setting to make flying more climate friendly. Specifically, I am working on the further development of a cost model for sustainable aviation fuels (SAF). I'm impressed by how hard everyone is working to find smart solutions and I'm proud to be a part of this during my traineeship."



**Teresa Kress** Health & Employee Experience Manager, Lufthansa CityLine

"I've been environmentally conscious for a long time and when I received the job offer from Lufthansa CityLine, I was initially sceptical. But then I came across the environmental report and was amazed at how much is already being done. In my role as an environmental coordinator, I really want to help sensitise employees to the issue of environmental protection and make our work processes more resource efficient."



"As cabin crew, we have a variety of opportunities to influence how we can improve our actions economically and ecologically. It's the small steps we all take that count."

Janina Marie Berger

Purser I & Manager Cabin Reliability & Sustainability, Lufthansa Airlines

"Many small steps can have a big impact that's a crucial point in the environmental management system. As an environmental coordinator, it's important to me to communicate this to my colleagues and raise awareness. There's so much more we can do - I want to be part of that."

#### **Janet Romeiser**

Manager Partner and Provider Management, Lufthansa Airlines

> "High quality standards and environmental protection are not mutually exclusive - on the contrary: today, they go hand in hand."

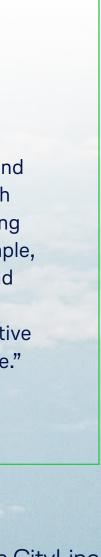
Marc Ringler Team Lead Tool Dispensing, Lufthansa CityLine



**Christiana von Dewitz** Manager Sustainability Onboard & Lounges, Lufthansa Group

"Environmental protection is more important than ever, and I want to actively take responsibility for this together with my colleagues. That's why we are committed to promoting environmental measures in our work processes. For example, we consciously pay attention to conserving resources and avoiding waste. I'm pleased to see that more and more colleagues are doing everything they can to make a positive contribution to our company's sustainability performance."





## **Company key figures**

# Lufthansa Airlines

Lufthansa Airlines is the largest airline in the Lufthansa Group. It maintains hubs at the two largest German airports, Frankfurt and Munich, and offers its customers a premium product with connecting flights all over the world.

The two hubs are the basis for flight operations with the short- and long-haul fleets. Flying, technical, operational and administrative staff are stationed here. The organisational units based at the hubs are station management, aircraft maintenance, and the operational planning and control of passenger flight operations.

Frankfurt am Main is Lufthansa Airlines' largest hub. Around two thirds of the flight volume is handled via this airport. There is also a direct link here to the corporate functions and other Lufthansa Group companies. Together with its partner airlines, Lufthansa Airlines also handles the majority of air traffic in Munich.







#### Aircraft types

Airbus A380





Boeing B747



Boeing B787

5

All figures relate to the year 2023 or the reporting date of 31 December 2023.

 $(\checkmark)$ 





210 destinations (-5%)



**46,787,509** passengers (+15%) passengers (+15%)

**303,406** flights (+11%)

144,717 E E million seat-kilometres offered (+13%)













Airbus A340

Airbus A350

Airbus A330

Airbus A320 family







## **Company key figures**

# Lufthansa CityLine

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Deutsche Lufthansa AG and partner of Lufthansa Airlines, Lufthansa CityLine specialises in European destinations. It provides fast and convenient passenger connections to the Munich and Frankfurt hubs and links European regions to Lufthansa Airlines' global route as a hub airline. The modern and efficient Airbus A320neo joined the fleet in 2023. Lufthansa CityLine has been operating cargo aircraft for Lufthansa Cargo since 2022 and has thus opened a new business segment.

As a medium-sized company, Lufthansa CityLine is characterised by lean structures and the integrated organisation of flight operations, technology and administration. These areas are brought together at the Munich location, the largest operational base. An additional technical centre is in Frankfurt am Main.

5,278 million seat-kilometres

offered (+9%)



12

6

**Bombardier CRJ900** 





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 $(\checkmark)$ 

### Aircraft types



Airbus A320neo



Airbus A319-100



Embraer E190



Airbus A321F











6,811,833 passengers (+11%)





# Lufthansa Group

#### Passenger airlines



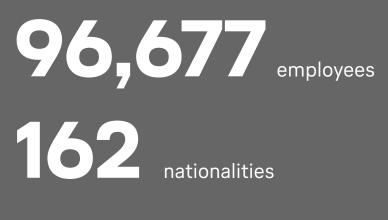
The Passenger Airlines segment includes the network airlines Lufthansa Airlines, SWISS, Austrian Airlines and Brussels Airlines. As part of their multi-hub strategy, they offer their passengers a comprehensive range of flights via the airlines' hubs in Frankfurt, Munich, Zurich, Vienna and Brussels. The regional airlines Lufthansa CityLine, Lufthansa City Airlines and Air Dolomiti as well as the holiday airline Discover Airlines are closely associated with Lufthansa Airlines. Eurowings is also part of the Passenger Airlines business segment. The airline offers a comprehensive range of point-to-point connections on European short and medium-haul routes.

The Lufthansa Group is a global aviation company with over 300 subsidiaries and shareholdings. It plays a leading role in the European market and is divided into two core business segments: Passenger Airlines and Aviation Services. Aviation Services comprises Logistics, MRO, and further companies such as Lufthansa Aviation Training and Lufthansa Systems.

#### MRO

Lufthansa Technik is a leading global provider of maintenance, repair and overhaul services for civil, commercially operated aircraft. Lufthansa Technik AG serves over 800 customers around the world, including airlines, aircraft manufacturers, leasing companies, VIP jet operators, governments and armed forces.

## At a glance Cologne Head office Frankfurt am Main, Hubs Munich, Zurich, Vienna and Brussels Sales 354 (billion euros)





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🔄 Lufthansa Technik	Logistics	Lufthansa Cargo	Group-wide reporti

The Logistics business segment of Lufthansa Cargo AG comprises various specialised companies, including the Jettainer Group for the management of airfreight containers, the time:matters Group for particularly urgent shipments, heyworld and CB Customs Broker for customised solutions in the e-commerce sector and a specialist for customs and customs clearance. Lufthansa Cargo AG also holds a fifty percent stake in the cargo airline AeroLogic.

- The Lufthansa Group publishes key aspects Ô and facts on the topic of sustainability annually in the summarised non-financial statement as an integral part of the Annual Report.
- The sustainability factsheet and other Q sustainability-related reports, such as the progress report on the UN Global Compact, the report on the "Task Force on Climaterelated Financial Disclosures", the SASB report (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) and the CDP report, are published on the Lufthansa Group website.

aircraft in the group fleet



122.5

million passengers



Stakeholders of the Lufthansa Group



- Customers
- Consumers



- Investors
- Shareholders
- Analysts
- Rating agencies



- Government
- Legislation
- Politics
- Authorities



- Non-governmental organisations (NGOs)
- Industry associations
- Associations



- Science
- Research and education

- Employees
- Employee representation

(🗲)



- Residents
- General public
- Social networks



- Suppliers
- Contracting parties

# Ν

The continuous dialogue with stakeholders makes an important contribution to the further development of the Lufthansa Group's sustainability strategy. It helps to better understand the expectations and wishes of the various stakeholder groups and to incorporate them into the company's actions. To this end, the Lufthansa Group uses various formats that enable an open and trusting exchange. Sustainability topics are also addressed in internal and external communication media such as social media channels.

In the reporting year, the Lufthansa Group also conducted a broad-based survey of its interest groups' assessments of the importance of sustainability issues for the Lufthansa Group. Potential effects of business activities on people and nature as well as entrepreneurial risks and opportunities for the company were also surveyed. More than 10,000 representatives from all external stakeholder groups as well as all employees and management of the Lufthansa Group were invited to participate in the anonymous survey. The insights gained were incorporated into the materiality analysis, which was also conducted in 2023.



# **Key sustainability topics**

The materiality analysis prescribed by the German CSR Directive Implementation Act (CSR-RUG) serves to prioritise sustainability topics according to their financial relevance for the business and the impact of these business activities on the environment and society. According to this analysis, the material topics for the Lufthansa Group have not changed. Environmental and climate protection and the interests of customers and employees continue to be important. Business ethics, compliance, respect for human rights and responsible supply chain management are also relevant.

## **Key topics for the Lufthansa Group**

Aspects	Environmental concerns	Customer concerns	Employee concerns	
Issues	Climate protection	Operational stability	Attractiveness as an employe	
<ul> <li>Performance indicators</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CO<sub>2</sub> emissions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Departure punctuality</li> </ul>	Engagement Index	
	<ul> <li>Status of CO<sub>2</sub> reduction target</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Regularity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wage agreement coverage r</li> </ul>	
	verified by the SBTi		<ul> <li>External rankings employer ratings</li> </ul>	
	Active noise abatement	Product and services	Diversity and equality of	
	<ul> <li>Percentage of aircraft that</li> </ul>	Net Promoter Score	opportunity	
	meet the 10dB criterion of ICAO Chapter 4		<ul> <li>Share of women in managem positions</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Number of nationalities employed in the Lufthansa Group</li> </ul>	
	Waste management		Transformation capability	
			Health and safety at work	
			Health Index	
			<ul> <li>Number of work-related injur</li> </ul>	
Aspects	Social concerns <sup>1</sup>	Business ethics and compliance	e	
Issues	Corporate citizenship	Fighting corruption and bribery	Respect for human rights	
<ul> <li>Performance indicators</li> </ul>	help alliance gGmbH	<ul> <li>Training ratio</li> </ul>	Important part of the corpora	
		<ul> <li>Number of compliance-related reports</li> </ul>	culture – embedded in the of Conduct	
			Responsible political engagement	
Interdisciplinary aspect <sup>2</sup>	Responsible supply chain mana	agement		
<sup>1</sup> Immaterial as defined in Section 289c	: Paragraph 3 German Commercial Code (HGB), vo	oluntary presentation at specific request of add	ressees.	

Immaterial as defined in Section 289c Paragraph 3 German Commercial Code (HGB), voluntary presentation at specific request of addressees

<sup>2</sup> Interdisciplinary aspect represented in quantitative terms in the non-financial declaration

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#### ncerns

s as an employer nt Index ment coverage ratio

men in management

work-related injuries

art of the corporate nbedded in the Code

## Environmental concerns

The Lufthansa Group's environmental strategy is based on a sense of responsibility and consideration of stakeholder interests. The main environmental impacts of flight operations include climate effects from emissions and noise pollution during take-off and landing. The Lufthansa Group is represented in various associations and organisations that address environmental and climate protection issues. To implement its environmental strategy, the Lufthansa Group pursues an environmental programme aimed at emissions reduction, noise abatement, energy and resource management, commitment to research and environmental management systems.

### Dialogue with airport neighbours and other interest groups

The Lufthansa Group engages in dialogue forums with residents near airports and works on noise abatement measures in multilateral working groups.

## Business ethics and compliance

Responsible behaviour in accordance with the law and international standards is an integral part of the Lufthansa Group's corporate culture. Our Code of Conduct provides the framework for acting with integrity and requires compliance with laws as well as internal rules and voluntary commitments. In 2023, the Lufthansa Group Code of Conduct was updated to reflect changing regulatory requirements and stakeholder expectations.

## Incorporation of the CSR **Directive Implementation Act** into risk management

In accordance with the CSR-RUG, the Lufthansa Group's corporate risk management also includes CSR-relevant aspects and their risks for external stakeholders. Risks are transferred to the summarised non-financial statement in accordance with CSR-RUG if they have a serious negative impact and their occurrence is highly probable. In 2023, the CSR content was updated with its mitigating instruments and measures. As in the previous year, there are no CSR risks of such high materiality that they were included in the individual analysis.

## Noise legislation

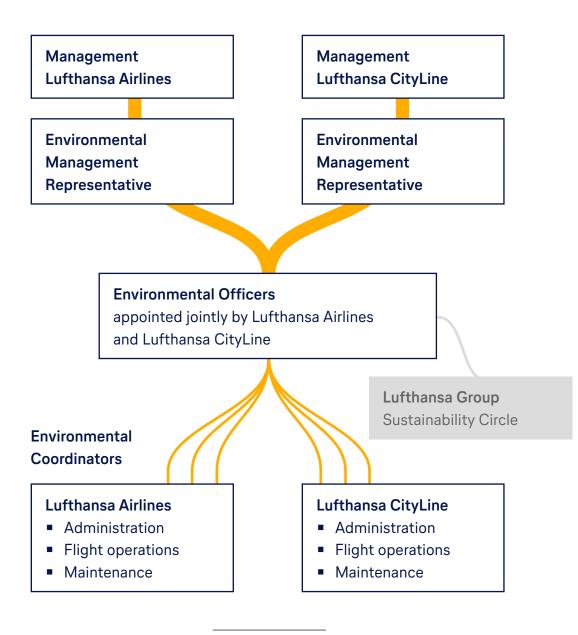
Stricter noise regulations can lead to increased costs for airlines or airports, for from retrofitting aircraft or bans on certain types of aircraft. At the European level, the pending amendment to the Environmental Noise Directive is relevant. At federal level, the limit values of the Aircraft Noise Protection Act were reviewed in 2017.



## The people involved

The joint environmental organisation of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine serves to coordinate and maintain the integrated environmental management system. It defines cross-company responsibilities, such as the role of environmental officers and management representatives. Employee representatives are also involved. Appropriate communication and dialogue measures serve to inform and actively involve employees.

#### Our environmental organisation







**Employee representation** 

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**Jens Ritter** Chief Executive Officer Lufthansa Airlines

**The company management** monitors the effectiveness of the management system and provides the necessary are appointed jointly.



Wolfgang Diefenbach and Jens Fehlinger Managing Directors of Lufthansa CityLine

### Management representatives and environmental officers

The practical coordination of all environmental activities and the strategic development of corporate environmental protection are the responsibility of the environmental management representatives and the two environmental officers of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine. Together they tackle the challenges specific to the company and the hubs.



**Dominik Moeslein and** Markus Stiegen **Environmental Management** Representatives for Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine



Isabell Stutzenberger and **Maximilian Adam** Environmental Officers for Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine



The environmental organisation is supported by around 40 environmental coordinators in the different departments at Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine. They ensure that the environmental organisation is broadly positioned and that environmental concerns are consistently pursued.



## **Bundled expertise**

Responsibility for environmental protection and sustainability for all companies and operating units of Lufthansa Airlines has been bundled in the Business Development & Sustainability department since 2022. In this department, which reports directly to the Chairman of the Executive Board of Lufthansa Airlines, the environmental officers work together with other sustainability managers. By 2024, the team has expanded by creating specific responsibilities for sustainable aviation fuels (SAF), efficiency measures and communication. In addition, the two management representatives for the environment for Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine have been confirmed in their roles and reinforce the involvement of management in the environmental system.



"As an engineer, I realise that there is still a lot of work to be done to achieve scalable and efficient production of **SAF.** However, thanks to the various technologies, we have created the basis for a future of sustainable aviation. Now it's a matter of making the best possible use of this technical knowledge."

Nora Metzner Manager Sustainability Strategy (Sustainable Aviation Fuels), Lufthansa Airlines

( 🗲 )



"For me, it is very inspiring to shape Lufthansa Airlines' sustainability strategy with a wide variety of colleagues and to drive its implementation forward. The topic motivates us all to give our best – being part of this movement is something very special."

Melanie Schneider Senior Manager Sustainability Strategy, Lufthansa Airlines



"We are developing measures to systematically increase fuel efficiency in our flight operations. In doing so, we are taking many small steps, which together have a huge impact."

Michael Rambach Manager Sustainability Strategy (Operations Efficiency), Lufthansa Airlines





Continuous improvement process



Environmental guidelines and program



Implementation of the **Environmental Management** System



The joint environmental management of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine is now an established routine system at both companies. A key objective of the management system is continuous improvement, which follows the principle of Plan-Do-Check-Act. In doing so, we orientate ourselves on the essential components of an environmental management system according to EMAS. We have formulated our shared understanding of values within the company and towards our partners and suppliers in our environmental guidelines. The primary environmental impacts

of flight operations include climate effects from CO<sub>2</sub> emissions caused by the combustion of jet fuel. Arrivals and departures at airports are also associated with noise pollution for residents. Further environmental impacts include the use of resources such as energy and water during in-flight service as well as in the supporting activities of flight operations: aircraft maintenance and administration. Waste is also generated on the ground and in the air, which needs to be reduced and recycled. This results in environmentally relevant fields of action for which we have defined

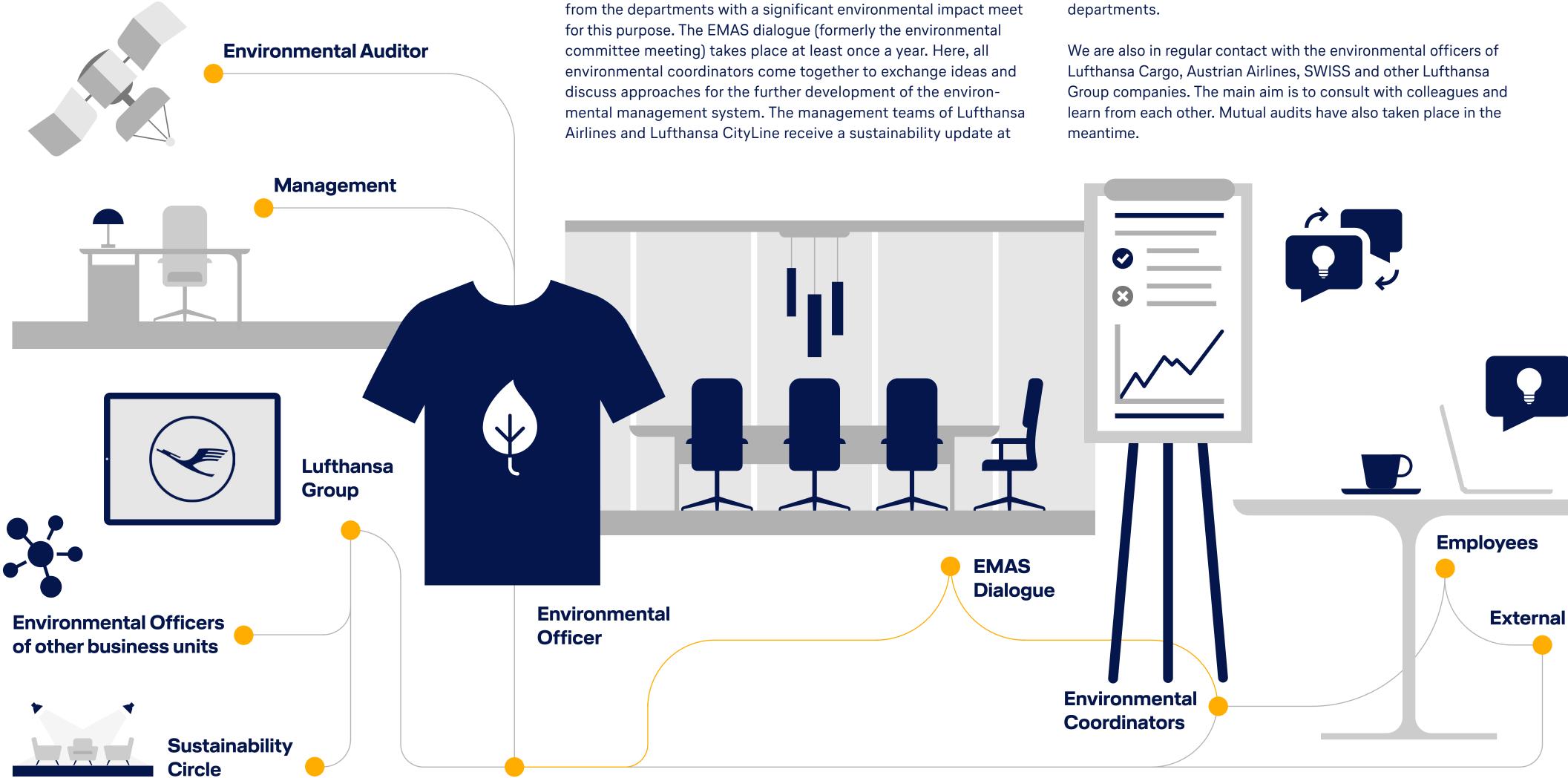
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measures in our environmental programme. Internal monitoring audits are used to achieve continuous improvement in each specialised area. We review our progress using detailed environmental indicators. We ensure the quality of our work and make our commitment accessible to our stakeholders and the interested public with the help of annual audits by an environmental auditor and the publication of this environmental report.





# **Committees and networking**



In our everyday operations, numerous formats ensure a professional dialogue and the involvement of relevant groups of individuals at various levels. Once a month, the environmental coordinators

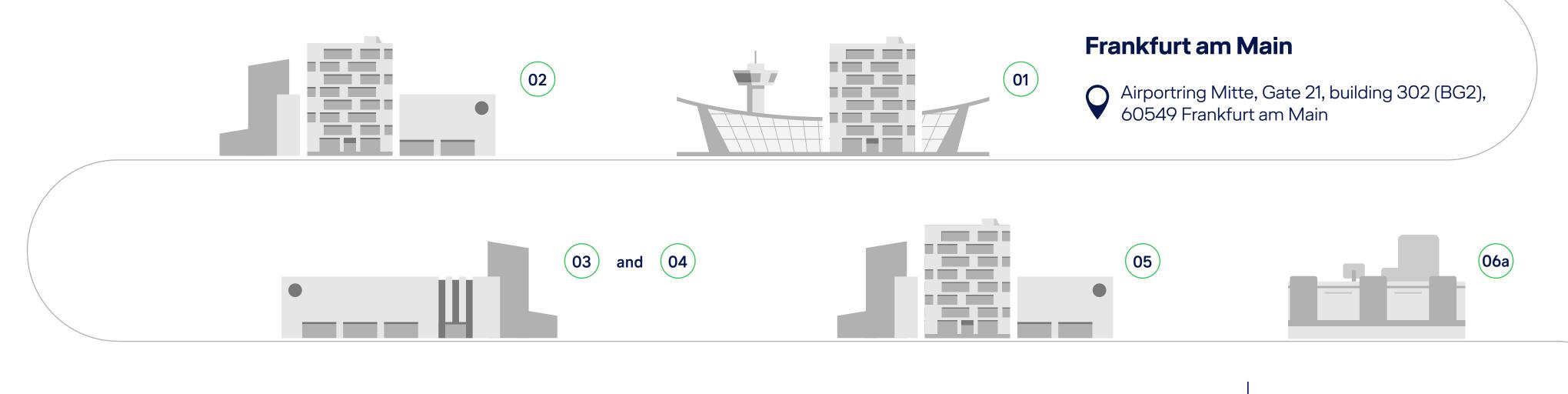
least once a quarter. Other event formats such as the sustainability evening serve to inform managers about strategic environmental topics and to promote an in-depth exchange between the





# **Our locations**

This Environmental Statement relates to the business segments and the associated operational processes of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine. The focus is on the two airports Frankfurt am Main (FRA) and Munich (MUC), where the operational bases





#### Lufthansa Airlines

#### 01 Office building 302 (BG2)

The BG2 is the base of Lufthansa Airlines and comprises the main administrative areas as well as flight operations at the FRA hub.

#### Further administrative buildings/areas 02

Lufthansa Airlines uses various additional shares in office buildings and areas on the Frankfurt Airport site. These are summarised here.

#### Maintenance Hangar 5 03 This hangar is home to the Lufthansa Airlines aircraft maintenance centre. Long-haul aircraft are serviced here in particular.

- Maintenance Hangar 6 04 Lufthansa Airlines' short-haul aircraft are serviced in this hangar.
- 05 Further maintenance buildings/areas Workshops, storage and office space for aircraft maintenance are located in additional rented areas at the airport site.

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of both companies are located. Both companies have rented buildings and facilities for administration, aircraft maintenance, lounges and crew training from the airport companies.

Cargo City Sued, Building 520 (Hangar 7), 60549 Frankfurt am Main C

Lufthansa CityLine

80 Maintenance Hangar 7

> Lufthansa CityLine's Frankfurt Technical Station uses the hangar together with Lufthansa Airlines' aircraft maintenance.

(06b)

(07)

and

#### 06a **Terminal 1**

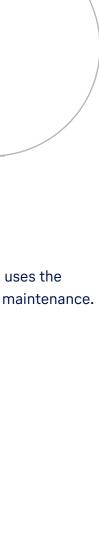
Lufthansa and partner airlines' flights are handled in Terminal 1. This includes the check-in, baggage drop-off and boarding gate areas.

06b Lounges

> Thirteen lounges are available to travellers in premium travel classes in Terminal 1.

#### **First Class Terminal** 07

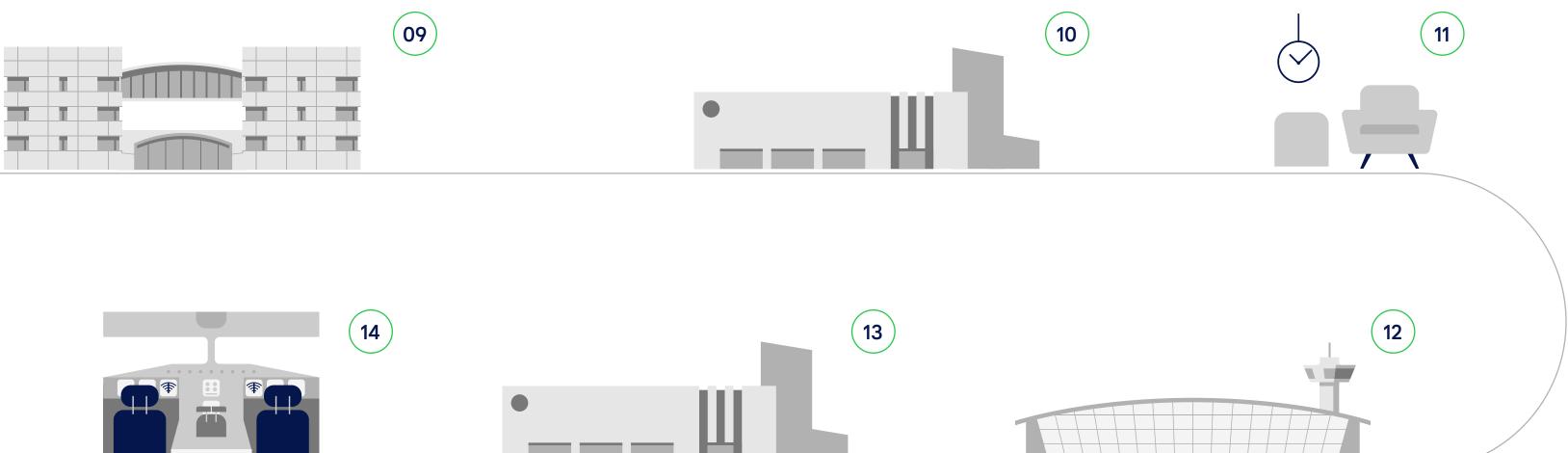
Adjacent to Terminal 1 is the exclusive First Class Terminal for First Class travellers and HON Circle members.





# **Our locations**

## Munich Suedallee 15, $\mathbf{O}$ 85356 Munich Airport





#### 09 Flight Operations Centre (FOC)

The FOC at Munich Airport houses the flight operations and a large part of the administrative units of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine.

#### Lufthansa Airlines

11

- 10 Maintenance Hangar 1 The large hangar accommodates Lufthansa Airlines' aircraft maintenance.
  - Lounges There are seven lounges for passengers of Lufthansa and its partner airlines in Terminal 2 and the satellite of Terminal 2.
- Administration building 12 Lufthansa Airlines Munich is using additional administrative space in the extension to Terminal 2.

#### Lufthansa CityLine

13 Maintenance Hangar 4

> Lufthansa CityLine's Munich technical station maintains its own hangar with office space.

**Training centre** 14

> The training centre of Lufthansa Aviation Training and Lufthansa CityLine houses aircraft mock-ups and training rooms for emergency and service training.





Together, we operate internationally.



We are committed to the highest quality standards.

# **Environmental policy** Our guidelines

# 

Air transport consumes energy and raw materials and pollutes the environment through emissions and waste. To minimise the environmental impact of our industry both locally and globally, we are committed to introducing guidelines for environmental care. These are an expression of our responsibility and form the basis of the joint environmental management of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine.

In April 2023, the CEO of Lufthansa Airlines, Jens Ritter, and the Managing Directors of Lufthansa CityLine, Jens Fehlinger and Wolfgang Diefenbach, confirmed the guidelines with their signatures. They will be updated on an ongoing basis in line with developments in research and technology as well as social debate.

- sustainable business.



We record and evaluate the impact of our actions on the environment.



Our environmental responsibility also applies to our surroundings.



We want to constantly improve.



This ambition is set out in our environmental guidelines.

**↗** Environmental care is a primary corporate goal. The obligation to protect the environment is an expression of our common corporate responsibility. Environmental care is one of the most important corporate goals. We want to meet the demands of our employees and customers for environmental compatibility, economy, safety, quality, service and comfort in the same way.

## **7** We are led by the guiding principle of

Sustainable management also means using energy and raw materials as efficiently as possible and making appropriate use of renewable resources. We avoid environmental impacts such as emissions, noise, waste and wastewater whenever possible and keep these low if they cannot be avoided. Our environmental management system ensures the planning and implementation of our environmental goals.

#### **↗** We want to constantly improve.

We are continually working to ensure compliance with environmental laws, ordinances and regulations. In addition, we strive to use the best possible technology within the scope of our economic possibilities and thus to continually reduce the negative effects of our business activities on the environment. Our own environmental management system controls the responsibilities, processes and means for implementing our environmental measures. The requirements of occupational health and safety are also considered.

➤ We record and evaluate the effects of our actions on the environment.

We systematically record our activities that have an impact on the environment. We document and assess these and derive targets and measures for improvement. We monitor the results of the implementation and optimise these.

- ➤ We assess the consequences for the environment before we make decisions. Consideration of the resulting environmental impact is an indispensable component of our economic decision-making processes. If it becomes apparent that a decision will lead to a greater environmental impact, we specifically look for ways to reduce or avoid it. In this way, we ensure compliance with the environmental protection goals that are binding for us.
- **A** Environmental protection is everyone's responsibility.

Management and staff work together towards the goal of continuously improving environmental protection in all areas of the company. Ongoing information and regular training promote the environmental awareness of the employees.

**7** Environmental protection needs innovation. We use innovations and modern technologies to conserve resources and improve environmental compatibility where economically and socially justifiable.

✓ Our environmental responsibility also applies to our surroundings.

We are committed to adhering to our guidelines and environmental goals at all our locations. We will also enforce them in all cross-company projects and participations within the scope of our possibilities. For us, compliance with environmental standards is a criterion for the selection of our contractual partners. We inform our customers and suppliers about our achievements in environmental protection and make suggestions on how they can support us in our efforts.

#### ➤ Our principle is openness.

We take concerns about the environmental impacts associated with our activities seriously. We engage in constructive dialogue with the authorities and the public. We are aware that only honest information can create trust. The regularly published environmental report forms the basis of this communication.

#### Munich, April 2023

**Jens Ritter** CEO Lufthansa Airlines

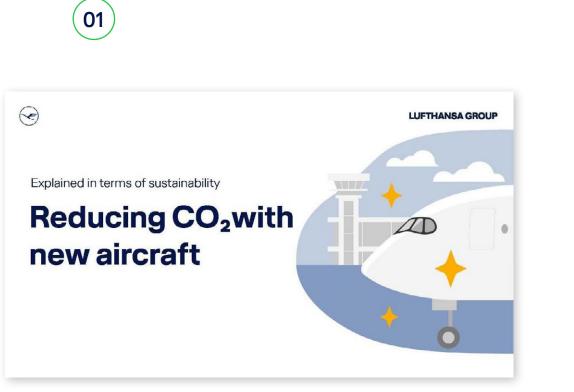




Managing director

Lufthansa CityLine GmbH







(02)

# **Our expertise**

"Environmental protection is everyone's responsibility" - this is what our environmental guidelines say. If our employees know what environmental and climate impacts are associated with the individual company processes and what strategic goals we are pursuing in the field of environmental protection and resource conservation, they are better able to participate and contribute their own ideas.

Information, communication and training therefore play a significant role in our environmental management system. Together with the communications departments, the experts from the sustainability team are also committed to providing transparent information and continuously involving employees.





CABcast



(04)

#### 01 #sustainably explained

We use various formats, both online and on-site, to inform our employees about climate and environmental protection in our companies. Short videos and "knowledge nuggets" are available on the intranet under the hashtag #sustainablyexplained, as are detailed articles on the key topics of sustainable aviation fuels, efficiency measures and fleet modernisation. At events such as the sustainability evening, our managers gain in-depth insights into strategically relevant topics and exchange ideas.

#### 02 All in the Green Corner

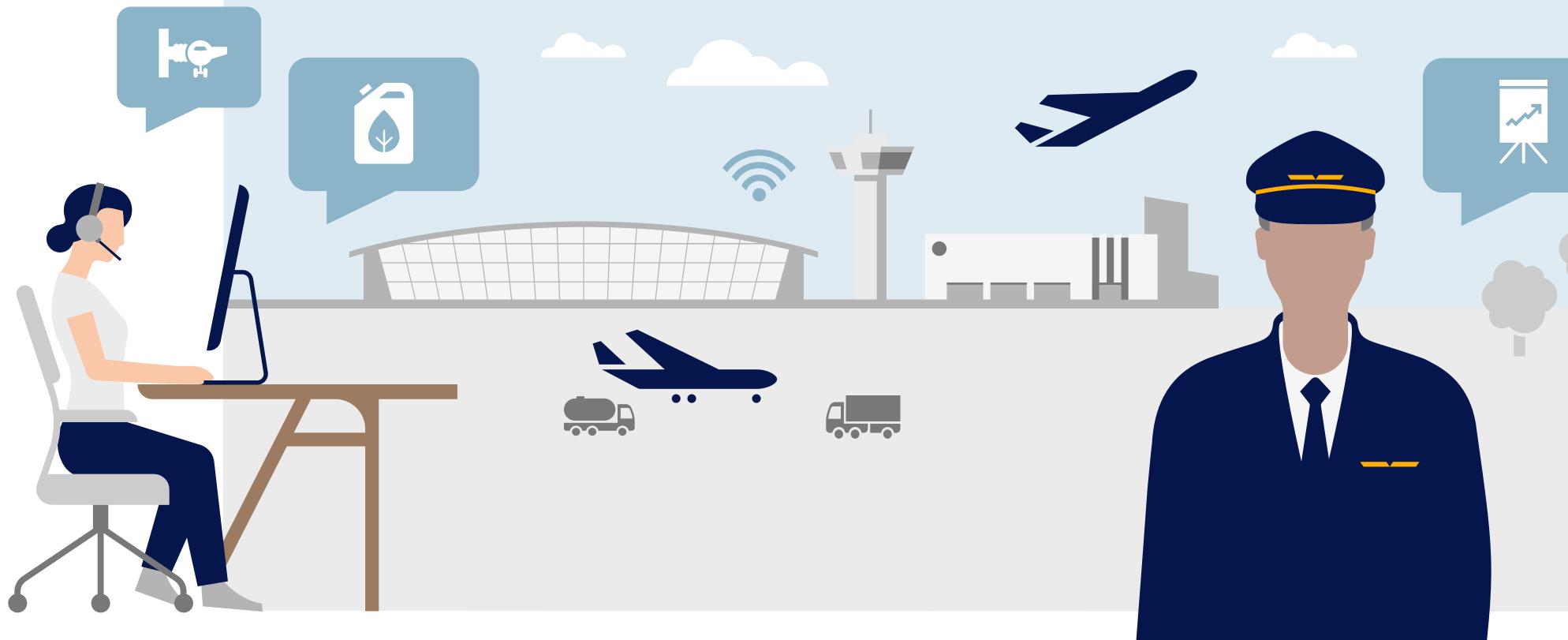
The Green Corner is available in the Lufthansa Product World, an exhibition area around current cabin products at Frankfurt and Munich airports, and as a digital library on the crews' tablets. We use it to bundle sustainability information aimed at cabin crew. In addition to environmental tips and standards for the in-flight area, this includes, in particular, procedural information on recycling.

#### 03 To the ears

Our popular podcast format is well received by the employees of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine. Environmental and climate protection are also a topic here. Last year, podcast episodes were recorded with the management representative for the environment Dominik Moeslein for the series "Cabin asks questions" and with the environmental officer Isabell Stutzenberger for the series CABcast.

#### 04 We are there

Coming together, informing and discussing - the sustainability team is present at internal and external events with this aim in mind. For example, the sustainability experts attend the Welcome Days organised by Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine and are available for discussions at special exhibitions in the Green Corners. The sustainability team also seeks dialogue with the public at external trade fairs such as the GreenTech Festival.



# Our highlights

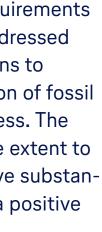
Selected measures from the 2023 environmental programme of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine.

#### Technology cooperation for aviation fuels of the future

Together with the German Aerospace Centre (DLR), Airbus, MTU Aero Engines and Munich Airport, Lufthansa Airlines has signed a letter of intent for a broad-based research cooperation on power-to-liquid (PtL) aviation fuels. The planned cooperation is intended to combine the strengths of leading aviation companies and science to accelerate the technology selection, market launch and industrial scaling of PtL aviation fuels in Germany. The entire value chain is

being considered. For example, maintenance requirements or the benefits for local air quality can also be addressed in the technology cooperation. There are also plans to evaluate the use of pure PtL - without the addition of fossil kerosene - to gain insights for the approval process. The cooperation partners also want to investigate the extent to which PtL fuels have the potential not only to save substantial amounts of carbon dioxide, but also to have a positive impact on non-CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.







### Switch off engines earlier

Fuel can also be saved on the taxiway: The "reduced engine taxi-in" procedure involves switching off one or more engines after landing on the apron. It is already used as a recommendation as part of the Green Procedures. These are procedural instructions that allow flight operations to be as efficient as possible after a safe landing. It was introduced as the standard procedure for the A320 fleet in autumn 2023. We have communicated this efficiency topic with our own campaign. This application can save around 2,500 tonnes of kerosene per year in flight operations as a whole. An additional 250 tonnes of kerosene can now be saved through the use of these two measures.

## Up to **2,750 tonnes**

of kerosene saved by shutting down one or more engines while taxiing on the apron.

ON

#### **Pre-order meals**

Since the beginning of 2023, our passengers on intra-European flights have been able to pre-order meals before departure and enjoy them on board. Pre-ordering is done digitally via the Pre-Flight Shop. Here, they can choose from a wide range of fresh, high-quality products. This allows us to fulfil individual customer wishes and also better plan the production and loading of fresh products. This reduces the amount of food and packaging waste on board.

#### Too good to dispose of

On flights to Frankfurt and Munich, it has been possible since May 2023 to buy fresh products left over from the in-flight service. As these products can no longer be served on other flights, they will be sold at a reduced price of a standardised 3.50 euros shortly before landing. This means less food needs to be disposed of and thus less waste.

### A fresh coat of paint for aircraft

Thanks to a new process for applying aircraft paint, we can save a considerable amount of weight: Unlike in the past, old layers of paint are removed down to the primer before a new coat of paint is applied. This reduces the weight of an Airbus A320 by up to 250 kilograms, and even up to 750 kilograms for a Boeing B747. In the last painting programme in 2023, a total of around 4.1 tonnes of weight could be saved on around 30 aircraft of various types.

#### **Environmental Coordinator Event 2023**

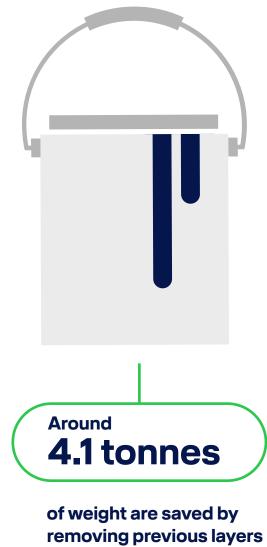
In addition to their regular hybrid exchange, the environmental coordinators from Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine met in Munich in October 2023 for a two-day personal exchange. The agenda included technical topics and common goals for further cooperation. The Rehab Republic association also gave the group inspiring insights into other areas of sustainability in both their professional and private lives.

### **Optimisation of freshwater volumes on board** the Boeing fleets

Following the A350 fleet, the freshwater requirements of the B747 and B787 fleets are now also being optimised. Fleet and route-specific data on consumption were collected for this purpose. This means that water filling can be better adapted to actual requirements. The associated weight reduction leads to savings of around 700 tonnes of kerosene per year.

### **OPS Sustainability Programme supports CO<sub>2</sub>** reduction targets

All Lufthansa Group flight operations participate in the OPS Sustainability Programme, which aims to contribute to a sustainable reduction in operational CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 2030. Efficiency-enhancing measures to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are being continuously implemented and balanced across the Group along the entire operational production chain. Some measures are already listed and explained in this year's environmental programme.



of paint.



## Field of action: Fuel efficiency (selection)

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description	Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Reducing flight-related greenhouse gas emissions	Optimisation of fuel calculation for apron taxiways	2023 until 2024		Statistics on taxiways and consumption allow fuel demand to be calculated more precisely.	Reducing flight-related greenhouse gas emissions	Technology cooperation for PtL aviation fuels	2023 until 2027	1	Lufthansa Airlines has signed a letter of intent with various partners such as the German Aerospace Centre (DLR) for a research cooperation on power-to-liquid
	Optimised flight route planning	2023 until 2024		A more precise calculation of the optimum flight speed, altitude and distance can further reduce fuel consumption for vertical flight paths.					(PtL) aviation fuels. The aim is to accelerate technology selection, market launch and industrial scaling, while focussing on the entire value chain.
	Introduction of the OMEGA application to determine potential fuel savings	2023	<b>&gt;</b>	The "Ops Monitor and Efficiency Gap Analyzer" appli- cation – OMEGA for short – is used to analyse exe- cuted flights. Statistically comparing planned, actual and ideal values for the various flight phases makes it possible to identify new potential savings and analyse the effectiveness of efficiency measures.		Expansion of intramodality	2023	<b>%</b>	We have further expanded train-flight connections since 2023. Since then, the destinations Augsburg, Wolfsburg, Siegburg and Essen from Frankfurt can also be booked by train in combination with a flight. There are also new intermodal connections (flight/bus) on the Zurich-Geneva and Brussels-Lille routes.
	OPS Sustainability Programme	2022 until 2030		Efficiency-enhancing measures to reduce CO <sub>2</sub> emis- sions are continuously implemented and analysed		Weight-reduced tablet holder	since 2023	<b>%</b>	Installing a modified tablet holder in the cockpit of the B787 fleet saves around 8 kilograms of weight per aircraft.
				along the entire operational production chain across the Group. Certain measures are explained below.		Reduction of approach distances in Munich	since 2023	<b>,</b>	In cooperation with the German Air Traffic Control (DFS), we have succeeded in shortening the planning
	Sustainability as a thematic component of training programmes (Cockpit)	since 2023	<b>%</b>	Measures for efficient flight procedures and fuel savings are increasingly addressed as part of recurring training and retraining for the cockpit.					distances for approaches to Munich Airport. This reduces the amount of fuel required and the noise for residents. The new approach distances are now specified in the air traffic manual.
	Switching off engines on the runway after landing	since 2023	<b>%</b>	Since autumn 2023, the standard procedure for the A320 fleet has been to switch off one engine on the taxiway after landing. This "reduced engine taxi-in" procedure also serves as a recommendation as part of the Green Procedures for all fleets. This saves around 2,750 tonnes of kerosene per year.	Compensation of flight-related greenhouse gas emissions	Offers for more sustainable air travel	since 2022	<b>%</b>	We are continuously introducing new products and options in both the B2B and B2C segments that enable our passengers to reduce and offset the CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with their air travel. Here, we rely on voluntary offsetting via climate protection projects and reduction through the purchase of sustainable
	New procedure for applying aircraft paint	2023	<b>%</b>	In the new procedure, the existing layers of paint on the aircraft are removed before the new paint is applied. This reduces the weight of an A320 by up to 250 kilograms and a B747 by up to 750 kilograms.		More sustainable tariffs for private customers	2023	<b>%</b>	aviation fuels. The GreenFares introduced in 2023 include compen- sation for flight-related CO <sub>2</sub> emissions with a share of 20 per cent Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) and 80
	Optimisation of the amount of fresh water on the Boeing fleets	since 2023	<b>%</b>	By analysing fleet and route-specific data, the amount of fresh water used on the B747 and B787 fleet can gradually be reduced. This will lead to fuel savings of around 700 tonnes per year.					per cent compensation via climate protection projects. After short-haul flights, the tariff was extended to selected long-haul flights. In 2023, around one million Lufthansa Group passengers selected this option.
						More sustainable tariffs for corporate customers	2023	<b>%</b>	Since 2023, PartnerPlus Progress Corporate Value Fares and Sustainable Corporate Fares with offsetting through SAF and climate protection projects can be selected as part of the contract form. In addition, the collected benefit points (for SMEs) can be used for offsetting.

All data on kerosene savings refer to Lufthansa Airlines' and Lufthansa CityLine's flight operations across all locations.



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## Field of action: Energy and resource efficiency (selection)

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Reduction of emissions and waste	Second use for unused life jackets	2023	<b>~</b>	Obsolete, unused life jack discarded: Lufthansa Cityl in its own crew training in being sought for other dec
	Bio-cleaner for aircraft tables	since 2023	<b>~</b>	Mechanics at Lufthansa C biodegradable universal cl aircraft since 2023. The pr detergent caused unwante why a more environmental sought. The new biodegrad money because discoloure be replaced.
	Better planning of fresh meals on board	since 2023	<b>%</b>	Since 2023, passengers or been able to use the pre-fl fresh meals they would like travelling. This allows prod planned more precisely an
	Sale of fresh leftover on-board products	2023	<b>%</b>	Since May 2023, fresh pro on board have been made landing at a standardised This means they do not ha end of the flight.
	Recycling guide for crews	since 2023		A holistic concept for the r and at the catering service help reduce the amount of service and increase recyc joint workshops is a recycl information on the recyclir how best to stow tablewar This minimises non-recycle
	Plastic-free paper cups on board	2023 until 2024		After a successful test in a paper cup will replace the in-flight service.
	Recycling of engine spark plugs	2023	<b>%</b>	Mechanics at Lufthansa A spark plugs and hand then The precious metal iridiun recycled.

in implementation

ed life jackets do not have to be hansa CityLine used around 100 of them training in 2023. A recycling option is or other decommissioned life jackets.	Reduction of emissions and waste	Disposal of headph in Economy Class o request
ufthansa CityLine have been using a universal cleaner to clean tables in the 023. The previously approved cleaning ed unwanted discolouration, which is vironmentally friendly alternative was w biodegradable cleaner also saves e discoloured tables no longer need to		Waste separation in the office building Frankfurt
ssengers on intra-European flights have the pre-flight shop to choose which y would like to eat on board before allows production and loading to be precisely and reduces food waste.	Saving resources due to digitalisation	Electronic student for cockpit staff
3, fresh products that were not sold been made available shortly before andardised reduced price of €3.50. y do not have to be disposed of at the t.		Electronic technica logbook (eTLB)
ept for the recycling process on board ring service providers is intended to		Digital Cleanup Da

ing service amount of waste from the on-board ease recycling rates. The result of initial is a recycling guide for the crews with he recycling cycle and instructions on v tableware and recyclable materials. non-recyclable waste.

ful test in 2023, a fully recyclable eplace the current plastic cup in

Ifthansa Airlines collect used engine hand them over to Lufthansa Technik. etal iridium these contain is then

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Reduction of emissions and waste	Disposal of headphones in Economy Class on request	since 2023	-	Since autumn 2023, headphones have only been issued on request on long-haul flights in the Ecor Class. This has already reduced the amount of ele tronic waste on board by 10 per cent. Once issue board, headphones must be disposed of, even if are unused. Further measures to reduce electroni waste will follow.
	Waste separation in the office building in Frankfurt	since 2023		The test introduction of separate disposal of reside paper, and plastic waste on one floor of Lufthan Airlines' BG2 office building has been complete successfully. A gradual expansion to other areas in planned. Separate waste bins at each desk will be abolished as part of this process.
Saving resources due to digitalisation	Electronic student file for cockpit staff	2022 until 2024	<b>,</b>	With the introduction of the electronic file, training content can be stored digitally, and check forms be completed online.
	Electronic technical logbook (eTLB)	2023	<b>%</b>	Maintenance activities have been recorded electro since mid-2023, saving around 9 tonnes of paper year. Paper-based maintenance documents on b can also be dispensed, resulting in weight saving up to 4.7 kilograms per aircraft.
	Digital Cleanup Days	2023		Digital campaigns as part of World Cleanup Day reached numerous employees in 2023. These inc informative presentations and hands-on activities such as the release of digital storage capacities.

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## Field of action: Energy and resource efficiency (selection)

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Increasing resource efficiency	More precise tank quantity calculation through post-flight analysis	2023	<b>%</b>	Post-flight analyses fuel requirements. amount of fuel requ and weight on ever
	Less plastic waste from milk on board	since 2023	<b>%</b>	To reduce plastic p larger containers c serving coffee crea alternatives such a
	Vegan offer in lounges	2023	<b>%</b>	In January 2023, g based delicacies in Munich as part of
	Electrification of the vehicle fleets in Frankfurt and Munich	2019 until 2030		The project plannin electric vehicles ar The electrification with the reciprocal infrastructure and vehicle fleets for T rently being condu that are intended t operation.
	Electromobility for VIP customers	2023	<b>%</b>	At Munich Airport, into operation in 2 trified vehicle flee vehicles for transp use at Frankfurt A
	Electrification of towing and de-icing vehicles	since 2023	<b>%</b>	The ground handlir (subsidiaries and a using the first elec vehicles in Frankfu reduces local (nois
	More efficient fan heaters for Technik hangar 5	2023	<b>%</b>	A total of 25 more in Technik hangar the electricity requ cent per year.
	Greenhouse gas emission values in the network result calculation	since 2023	<b>%</b>	Climate-relevant e network results ca view of the econor

in implementation

**completed** 

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ses are used to evaluate data on actual . This allows the pilots to calculate the quired more precisely. This saves fuel very flight.

packaging, milk is being served in s on board since 2023. The singleeam has been abolished. Additionally, n as oat drinks are offered.

, guests were able to enjoy plantin the lounges in Frankfurt and f "Veganuary".

ning has been finalised and the first are already in operation at our airports. on of our vehicle fleets is progressing cal expansion of the electric charging nd the targeted conversion of the r Technik and stations. Tests are curducted with innovative vehicle designs d to fulfil the special requirements in

rt, five e-charging stations were put 2023 for the already partially eleceet of VIP services. The first electric sporting VIP customers are also in Airport.

ling service providers LEOS and EFM affiliates of Lufthansa) have been ectrically powered towing and de-icing furt and Munich since 2023. This also ise) emissions.

re efficient fan heaters were installed r 5 in Frankfurt in 2023. They reduce equired for heating by around 45 per

emission values were included in the calculation to provide a comprehensive omic efficiency of flight routes.

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Increasing resource efficiency	More efficient utilisation of aircraft capacity	since 2023	<b>%</b>	As part of the continuous optimisation process, the booking management team works to ensure high- capacity utilisation of flights and thus implement efficient flight planning. In addition, overbooking rates and measures to fill available seats are continually analysed and implemented.
Strengthening environmental communication	Sustainability information at Welcome Fair for new employees	2023	<b>&gt;</b>	Following the example of Lufthansa CityLine's Welcome Days, the sustainability team had its own market stand at Lufthansa Airlines' first welcome fairs in 2023. This measure will be continued.
	Digital environmental information during onboarding	2023	<b>%</b>	The onboarding app provides relevant and up-to-date company information for new employees digitally – making printouts unnecessary. Environmental topics are also made available here in compact form.
	Green Lounge at Munich Airport	2022 until 2024		The concept for the construction of a Green Lounge at Munich Airport is currently being revised.
	Corporate environmental protection in basic and advanced cabin training courses	since 2023	-	Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine have inte- grated additional content relating to operational envi- ronmental protection into the basic courses and further training for pursers and supervising flight attendants.
	With sustainable fuel to the UN World Climate Conference	2023	<b>%</b>	A special package was offered to participants of the 28th UN World Climate Conference in Dubai: they were able to fully offset their CO <sub>2</sub> emissions on Lufthansa Group flights with sustainable aviation fuel. The package also included services such as bike hire on site and hotel transfers in an electric limousine.
	B2B events about sustainability	2023	~	With special customer events, the Lufthansa Group's global sales organisation has involved B2B customers in the sustainability strategy and informed them about operational activities in this area.







## Field of action: Energy and resource efficiency (selection)

Goal	Measure	Timeline	Status	Description
Strengthening environmental communication	Meeting of environmental coordinators	2023	<b>%</b>	The environmental two-day personal a in October 2023. Ir Rehab Republic as
	ESG Masterclasses	since 2023	<b>~</b>	"ESG Masterclasse Group employees the learning platfo training on the top change, reducing e framework conditio
	Green Explorers	2023 until 2024	<b>%</b>	In autumn, around Lufthansa Group st gramme and addeo measures to the gr
Expansion of the environmental management system	Integration of Lufthansa Airlines at the Hub Frankfurt	2023	~	Following the initia all processes have that spans all loca tinues on the steac performance.

## Field of action: Active noise abatement (selection)

In 2023, Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine did not implement new environment-related measures that can be directly assigned to the area of active noise abatement. However, measures that lead to a change in the flight path or procedures on the ground often also contribute to this area of action. We are continuing to implement the measures taken to date.





tal coordinators came together for a l and professional exchange in Munich . Inspiring input was provided by the association from Munich.

ses" have been available to Lufthansa s since 2023 in cooperation with form aware. These provide in-depth opics of social commitment, climate emissions when flying and political itions.

nd 150 participants from across the started the established talent proled innovative ideas and concrete group-wide sustainability strategy.

tial validation of the Frankfurt site, ve been harmonised. In a system cations and companies, work coneady improvement of environmental



# **Environmental balance sheet and key figures**

The environmental balance sheet of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine once again reflects the increased passenger demand and rising production. At the same time, it shows that we were able to increase efficiency in flight operations. In addition to a higher load factor, the fact that specific consumption remained constant is particularly noteworthy.

We improved our environmental data collection further last year. This has resulted in corrections in some cases, with improved and more in-depth data quality available in more recent reporting years. In some cases, this results in inaccuracies in comparability with previous years' data.

Since 2019, our base year for the climate targets, we have achieved significant improvements in some areas. For example, we were able to reduce paper consumption by almost 50 per cent in individual sectors. In the lounges in Munich, the specific waste volume fell by around two-thirds. In Hangar 5 in Frankfurt, the energy savings achieved through infrastructural measures are visible, with electricity consumption reduced by around 30 per cent. The introduction of the "Deutschlandticket" is also having an impact, particularly at Lufthansa Airlines in Munich: around a third of employees have a Jobticket for their commute using public transport.

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Digitalisation and process improvements have helped our organisations reduce their paper use by around half compared to 2019.

**30%** 

Around 30 per cent of employees in Munich chose the Jobticket in 2023.



Electricity consumption in Hangars 5 and 6 was reduced by around 28 and 24 percent, respectively, compared to 2019.

# Company and transport performance indicators

## Lufthansa Airlines

Company indicators						
across locations	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Employees	Number	31,123	29,305	31,292	33,002	6
Aircraft	Number	253	242	195	101	5
Operational ground fleet	Number	514	493	205	118	4

Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Number	21,421	20,238	21,747	22,680	6
Number	2,935	2,900	3,094	3,163	1
Number	12,866	12,422	13,519	13,873	4
Number	1,289	1,305	1,343	1,418	-1
Number	27	20	21	45	35
Number	168	161	145	71	4
Number	358	356	74	74	1
	Number Number Number Number Number Number	Number         21,421           Number         2,935           Number         12,866           Number         1,289           Number         27           Number         168	Number         21,421         20,238           Number         2,935         2,900           Number         12,866         12,422           Number         1,289         1,305           Number         27         20           Number         168         161	Number         21,421         20,238         21,747           Number         2,935         2,900         3,094           Number         12,866         12,422         13,519           Number         1,289         1,305         1,343           Number         27         20         21           Number         168         161         145	Number21,42120,23821,74722,680Number2,9352,9003,0943,163Number12,86612,42213,51913,873Number1,2891,3051,3431,418Number27202145Number16816114571

Company key figures						
MUC	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Employees	Number	9,362	8,762	9,258	9,959	7
thereof: Cockpit	Number	1,609	1,543	1,587	1,600	4
Cabin	Number	5,344	5,161	5,530	5,730	4
Maintenance	Number	512	473	482	522	8
Apprentices	Number	29	0	0	0	-
Aircraft	Number	85	81	50	30	5
Operational ground fleet D	Number	156	137	131	44	14

Transport key figures						
across locations	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Flights	Number	303,406	274,360	152,438	124,913	11
Passengers	Number	46,787,509	40,604,283	18,668,488	14,167,547	15
Seat-kilometres offered, SKO	Mil. pkm	144,717	127,909	75,454	57,177	13
Freight-tonne-kilometres offered, FTKO	Mil. tkm	5,334	4,526	2,840	2,243	18
Tonne-kilometres offered, TKO	Mil. tkm	20,042	17,507	10,486	8,036	14
Passenger-kilometres, PKT	Mil. pkm	122,703	105,063	46,350	36,406	17
Freight-tonne-kilometres, FTKT	Mil. tkm	2,617	2,325	1,940	1,375	13
Tonne-kilometres, TKT	Mil. tkm	14,977	12,906	6,605	5,042	16

Corrected due to new data basis

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.

# Lufthansa CityLine

Company indicators						
across locations	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY
Employees	Number	2,272	2,071	2,066	2,143	
thereof: Cockpit	Number	664	602	616	624	
Cabin	Number	925	846	842	863	
Maintenance	Number	411	391	381	410	
Apprentices	Number	23	19	23	30	
Aircraft	Number	55	50	53	52	
Operational ground fleet	Number	44	44	44	46	

Transport key figures						
across locations	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Flights	Number	92,211	89,105	57,767	52,229	3
Passengers	Number	6,811,833	6,154,697	3,451,889	2,693,795	11
Seat-kilometres offered, SKO	Mil. pkm	5,278	4,832	3,313	3,585	9
Freights-kilometres offered, FTKO	Mil. tkm	141	84	23	47	67
Tonne-kilometres offered, TKO	Mil. tkm	720	612	377	424	18
Passenger-kilometres, PKT	Mil. pkm	4,269	3,699	2,200	2,243	15
Freight-tonne-kilometres, FTKT	Mil. tkm	57	29	1	20	94
Tonne-kilometres, TKT	Mil. tkm	484	399	221	245	21

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		10
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		10
		0



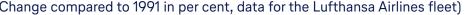
# **Environmental figures** Lufthansa Airlines

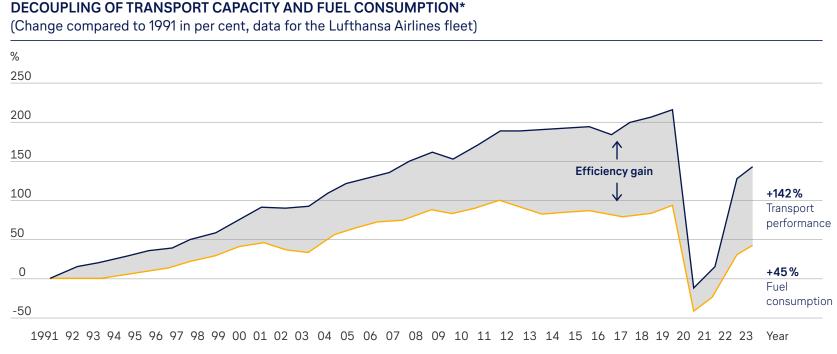
Environmental figures Lufthansa Airlines	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Fuel consumption (flight operations) <sup>1,2,4</sup>						
Fuel consumption, absolute	t	4,122,785	3,553,821	1,990,749	1,615,259	16
Fuel consumption, specific, passenger transport	l/100 pkm	3.51	3.50	3.78	4.00	0
Fuel consumption, specific, freight transport	I/FTKT	0.33	0.34	0.39	0.41	-2
Carbon dioxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Carbon dioxide emissions, absolute	t	12,986,772	11,194,537	6,270,859	5,088,066	16
Carbon dioxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	kg/100 pkm	8.81	8.79	9.48	10.06	0
Carbon dioxide emissions, specific, freight transport	kg/tkm	0.83	0.84	0.97	1.04	-2
Nitrogen oxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Nitrogen oxide emissions, absolute	t	59,189	50,166	28,366	23,488	18
Nitrogen oxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	g/100 pkm	39.90	39.21	43.18	48.35	2
Nitrogen oxide emissions, specific, freight transport	g/tkm	3.90	3.86	4.31	4.53	1
Carbon monoxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Carbon monoxide emissions, absolute	t	9,083	8,332	4,395	3,096	9
Carbon monoxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	g/100 pkm	6.45	6.86	7.41	6.85	-6
Carbon monoxide emissions, specific, freight transport	g/tkm	0.45	0.48	0.50	0.46	-7
Fuel dumps <sup>1,2,4</sup>						
Events, total	Number	19	28	2	3	-32
Medical reasons	Number	7	12	0	2	-42
Technical reasons	Number	7	14	1	1	-50
Other reasons	Number	5	2	1	0	150
Fuel volume	t	710.50	891.80	80.00	106.90	-20
Fuel consumption (operational ground vehicles) FRA <sup>5</sup>						
Fuel consumption D		344,270	262,278	133,435	129,437	31
Fuel consumption per vehicle D	1	962	737	1,803	1,749	31
Fuel consumption (operational ground vehicles) MUC <sup>5</sup>						
Fuel consumption	I	228,667	153,958	75,194	23,690	49
Fuel consumption per vehicle 🗆		1,466	1,124	574	538	30

Corrected due to new data basis

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.

#### DECOUPLING OF TRANSPORT CAPACITY AND FUEL CONSUMPTION\*





\* All scheduled and charter flights operated by Lufthansa Airlines.

Services provided by third parties are excluded from this as no influence can be exerted on their performance.



# **Environmental figures** Lufthansa Airlines

Environmental figures Lufthansa Airlines	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Material consumption FRA						
Paper <sup>7</sup>	t	19.98	25.76	8.47	13.27	-22
Proportion of recycled paper	%	33%	39%	55%	63%	-14
Paper per employee	kg	0.93	1.27	0.39	0.59	-27
Material consumption MUC						
Paper <sup>7</sup>	t	14.79	12.52	11.42	10.49	18
Proportion of recycled paper	%	56%	56%	60 %	38%	0
Paper per employee	kg	1.58	1.43	1.23	1.05	11
Mobility						
Business trips △ (extrapolation)	Coupon	56,000	32,000	75,000	-	75
Jobtickets FRA 🗆 🛆	Number	21,421	20,238	-	-	6
Jobtickets MUC	Number	3,110	295	273	446	954

Corrected due to new data basis

△ Previous year's figures not available

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.



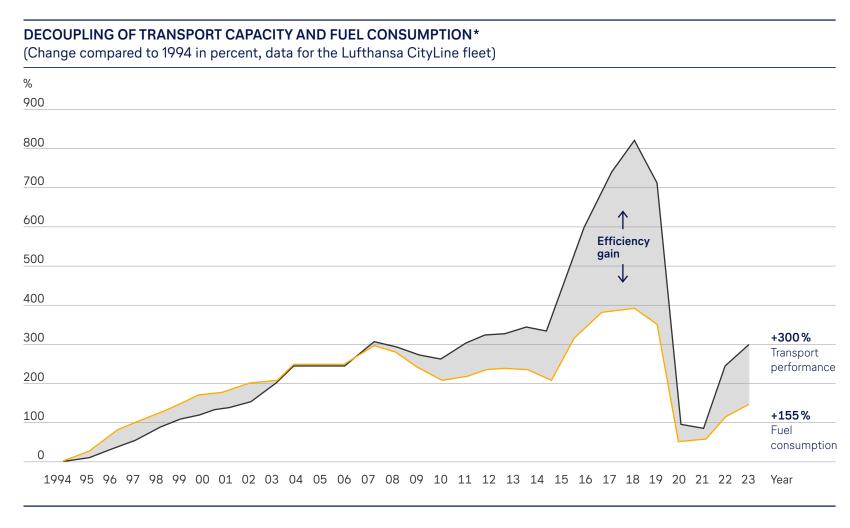
# **Environmental figures** Lufthansa CityLine

Environmental figures Lufthansa CityLine	Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
Fuel consumption (flight operations) <sup>1,2,4</sup>						
Fuel consumption, absolute	t	210,625	195,510	125,121	127,645	8
Fuel consumption, specific, passenger transport	l/100 pkm	5.64	6.31	7.08	6.78	-11
Fuel consumption, specific, freight transport	I/FTKT	0.40	0.39	0.92	0.37	4
Carbon dioxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Carbon dioxide emissions, absolute	t	663,468	615,855	394,132	402,083	8
Carbon dioxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	kg/100 pkm	14.19	15.88	17.82	17.07	-11
Carbon dioxide emissions, specific, freight transport	kg/tkm	1.01	0.97	2.33	0.94	4
Nitrogen oxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Nitrogen oxide emissions, absolute	t	2,478	2,269	1,407	1,570	9
Nitrogen oxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	g/100 pkm	51.40	57.65	63.67	65.52	-11
Nitrogen oxide emissions, specific, freight transport	g/tkm	5.00	4.64	6.50	4.94	8
Carbon monoxide emissions (flight operations) <sup>1,3,4</sup>						
Carbon monoxide emissions, absolute	t	816	775	451	423	5
Carbon monoxide emissions, specific, passenger transport	g/100 pkm	17.73	20.21	20.41	18.40	-12
Carbon monoxide emissions, specific, freight transport	g/tkm	1.04	0.94	2.14	0.51	11
Fuel consumption (operational ground vehicles) FRA <sup>5</sup>						
Fuel consumption	I	43,272	44,836	40,730	44,380	-3
Fuel consumption per vehicle	I	983	1,019	926	965	-3
Material consumption						
Paper <sup>7</sup>	t	2.62	3.56	2.40	2.80	-27
Proportion recycling paper △	%	73%	78%	80%	-	-7
Paper per employee	kg	1.15	1.72	1.16	1.31	-33
Hazardous substances	t -	32	33	26	21	-4
Hazardous substances per aircraft 🗆	kg	579	661	483	401	-12
Mobility						
Business trips △ (extrapolation)	Coupon	45,000	39,000	25,000	-	15
Jobtickets	Number	118	135	136	153	-13

Corrected due to new data basis

△ Previous year's figures not available

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.



\* All scheduled and charter flights operated by Lufthansa CityLine.

Services provided by third parties are excluded from this as no influence can be exerted on their performance.



# **Environmental figures** Frankfurt am Main buildings

Buildings in FRA <sup>6</sup>		Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020 +	+/- PY in %	Buildings in FRA <sup>6</sup>		Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- PY in %
01 BG2								05 Other technical							
	Electricity	MWh	4,230	5,353	4,489	3,570	-21	buildings/areas							
	District heating	MWh	5,055	7,179	7,397	6,603	-30		Electricity	MWh	10,328	9,621	10,544	10,264	7
	Water		29,905	52,006	46,645	47,404	-42	•	District heating	MWh	22,443	21,127	25,228	22,853	6
	Wastewater		29,905	52,006	46,645	47,404	-42		Water	m <sup>3</sup>	17,490	10,474	-	-	67
	Effective area 🗆		15,532	15,532	15,532	15,532	0		Wastewater	m <sup>3</sup>	17,490	10,474	-		67
	Built-up area □		3,008	3,008	3,008	3,008	0		Effective area	m²	81,224	81,224	81,224	81,224	0
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	239	196	12	142	22		Built-up area	m²	56,673	56,673	56,673	56,673	0
	thereof: Recovery	t	239	196	7	142	22		Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	628	638	486	699	-1
	Landfilling	t	0	0	5	0	_		thereof: Recovery	t	471	505	381	423	-7
									Landfilling	t	157	133	105	276	18
02 Other administrative															
buildings/areas □△								06 Terminal and Lounges		<u> </u>					
- 1979 C	Electricity	MWh	9,681	9,099	7,300	7,788	6		Number of lounge guests	Number	3,094,537	3,105,519	3,151,494	3,156,321	0
	District heating	MWh	22,651	20,222	2,883	1,454	12		Electricity □△	MWh	4,406	-	-		
	Water	m <sup>3</sup>	25,317	22,688	-		12	and the second se	Thereof: Lounges	MWh	2,524	2,265	1,530	1,508	11
	Wastewater	m³	8,730	8,802	3,701	3,806	-1		Electricity per lounge guest	KWh	0.82	0.73	0.49	0.48	12
	Effective area	m²	59,830	59,830	5,830	59,830	0		District heating O	MWh	4,520	2,731	2,731		66
	Built-up area		76,879	76,879	76,879	76,879	0		Water △	m <sup>3</sup>	44,059	-	-		-
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	683	634	595	155	8		Wastewater △	m <sup>3</sup>	44,059	-	-		-
	thereof: Recovery	t	678	633	594	155	7		Effective area	m²	38,092	38,092	38,092	38,092	0
	Landfilling	t	5	1	1	0	292		Built-up area 🗆	m²	220,000	220,000	220,000	220,000	0
									Waste △ <sup>8</sup>	t	12	13	5	-	-10
03 Hangar 5									thereof: Recovery	t	12	13	5		-10
	Electricity	MWh	2,318	2,987	2,397	2,564	-22		Landfilling	t	0	0	0		-
•	District heating	MWh	9,277	9,323	9,671	9,137	0								
H	Water	m³	12,219	8,696	5,767	7,074	41	07 First Class Terminal							
	Wastewater	m³	12,219	8,696	5,767	7,074	41	$\downarrow$	Number of guests	Number	74,717	63,735	17,760	12,933	17
	Effective area 🗆		31,116	31,116	31,116	31,116	0	(	Electricity △	MWh	359	-	-		
	Built-up area □	m²	29,847	29,847	29,847	29,847	0		Electricity per guest	KWh	4.80	-	-		-
	Waste □ <sup>8</sup>	t	151	153	96	124	-1		Effective area 🗆	m²	3,435	3,435	3,435	3,435	0
	thereof: Recovery	t	137	110	83	97	24		Built-up area 🗆	m²	5,237	5,237	5,237	5,237	0
	Landfilling	t	15	42	14	27	-65								
								08 Hangar 7 (CLH)							
04 Hangar 6									Electricity	MWh	54	67	293	201	-19
	Electricity	MWh	3,349	3,472	3,458	3,415	-4	• 111	District heating	MWh	73	80	437	359	-8
	District heating	MWh	9,457	9,504	9,859	9,314	0	H	Water	m³	120	129	151	101	-7
H	Water	m³	4,439	4,640	3,202	1,550	-4		Effective area 🗆	m²	399	399	399	399	0
	Wastewater	m³	4,439	4,640	3,202	1,550	-4		Built-up area	m²	1,414	1,414	1,414	1,414	0
	Effective area 🗆	m²	29,100	29,100	29,100	29,100	0		Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	2	14	7	16	-85
	Built-up area □	m²	25,595	25,595	25,595	25,595	0		thereof: Recovery	t	1	14	3	4	-96
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	83	124	92	97	-33		Landfilling	t	1	-	4	11	-
	thereof: Recovery	t	83	124	91	97	-33								
	Landfilling	t	0	0	1	0	_								

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.

Corrected due to new data basis

riangle Previous year's figures not available

 $^{
m O}$  The consumption data can currently only be updated in estimates



# **Environmental figures** Munich buildings

Buildings in MUC <sup>6</sup>		Unit	2023	2022	2021	2020	+/- VJ in
09 FOC							
	Electricity	MWh	2,688	2,638	2,441	2,590	
	District heating	MWh	1,904	1,899	2,162	1,938	
	Water	m³	10,120	9,022	5,485	5,264	
	Wastewater	m³	13,299	12,201	6,541	4,865	
	Effective area	m²	11,755	11,755	11,755	11,755	
	Built-up area	m²	11,015	11,015	11,015	11,015	
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	214	230	160	194	
	thereof: Recovery	t	214	230	157	191	
	Landfilling	t	0	0	3	3	-1
10 Hangar 1							
	Electricity	MWh	4,091	3,641	3,314	3,389	
•	District heating	MWh	10,668	9,148	8,148	8,573	
	Water	m³	6,637	4,939	4,905	4,678	
	Wastewater	m³	6,637	4,939	4,905	4,678	
	Effective area	m²	52,744	52,744	52,744	52,744	
	Built-up area	m²	35,449	35,449	35,449	35,449	
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	105	76	47	-	
	thereof: Recovery	t	93	-	-	-	
	Landfilling	t	13	-	-	-	
11 Lounges							
	Number of lounge guests	Number	1,955,760	1,676,012	565,439	664,028	
$\odot$	Electricity	MWh	2,089	1,767	1,139	1,015	
	Electricity per guest	KWh	1.07	1.05	2.01	1.53	
	Effective area	m²	10,377	10,377	10,377	10,377	
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	442	352	483	861	
	thereof: Recovery	t	427	340	478	855	
	Landfilling	t	15	12	5	7	
	Waste per guest	kg	0.23	0.21	0.85	1.30	
12 Administration building							
			400	20.4	0.40	450	
	Electricity	MWh	192	294	240	152	-

• The consumption data can currently only be updated in estimates

More information on data delimitation and calculation methodology as well as footnote resolution on page 31.

Buildings in MUC <sup>6</sup>		Unit	2022	2021	2020	2019	+/- VJ in %
13 Hangar 4							
_	Electricity	MWh	1,208	1,307	1,303	1,138	-8
	District heating	MWh	4,143	4,379	3,929	4,742	-5
H <b>L</b>	Water	m <sup>3</sup>	1,397	1,540	1,027	1,871	-9
	Effective area	m²	15,815	15,815	15,815	15,815	0
	Built-up area	m²	13,009	13,009	13,009	13,009	0
	Waste <sup>8</sup>	t	22	24	51	63	-9
	thereof: Recovery	t	21	9	47	59	140
	Landfilling	t	0	15	3	4	-98

#### 14 Training centre

	Electricity	MWh	128	123	128	135	4
	District heating o	MWh	148	148	148	148	-
	Water o	m <sup>3</sup>	148	344	344	344	-
	Effective area	m²	2,077	2,077	2,077	2,077	0



# **Data delimitation and** calculation methodology

## Data delimitation

The reporting on transport performance, fuel consumption and emissions from flight operations for the years 2020 to 2023 is based on the following data delimitation, unless otherwise stated:

[1] Included are all scheduled and charter flights operated by Lufthansa Airlines (excluding Air Dolomiti and Discover Airlines) or Lufthansa CityLine. This does not include third-party services, as no influence can be exerted on their performance. Cross-location data refers to the Frankfurt am Main and Munich hubs, as well as the respective flight operations of Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine.

## Calculation methodology

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### [2] Jet fuel in absolute terms

Fuel consumption is calculated based on actual flight operations, which means it considers actual capacity utilisation and routing according to the gate-to-gate principle. This means that all flight phases are recorded, from taxiing on the ground to detours and holding patterns in the air.

# **CO**<sub>2</sub>

### [3] Emissions in absolute terms

Absolute emissions from flight operations are calculated based on the actual transport performance and therefore on the actual load factor and the actual absolute kerosene consumption in the reporting year. The transport performance is measured in tonne-kilometres, meaning the payload transported over a distance. For passengers and their baggage, the standard of 100 kilograms on average is

 $(\checkmark)$ 

applied, for freight the weighed weight is used. Each aircraftengine combination in the fleet is considered separately and calculated using programmes from the respective engine and aircraft manufacturers. The annual average flight profile of each individual sub-fleet is included in the programmes. This enables emissions to be determined as a function of flight altitude, distance, thrust and load. This is particularly necessary for nitrogen oxides  $(NO_x)$ , carbon monoxide (CO) and unburnt hydrocarbons (UHC). CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, on the other hand, do not require any special aircraftspecific calculation, as these are calculated using the density of the fuel burnt. The combustion of one tonne of jet fuel produces around 3.15 tonnes of  $CO_2$ , depending on the actual density.



#### [4] Specific consumption and emissions

The calculation of specific consumption and emissions puts the absolute values in relation to the transport performance. For example, the figure of litres per 100 passenger-kilometres (I/100 pkm) is calculated based on the actual load factor and the fuel actually consumed. The distances used are based on large circle distances. In combined transport (freight and passenger transport on one aircraft), fuel consumption is allocated to determine passenger- or freight-specific values based on their share of the total payload. The ISO 16258 standard has provided a guideline since 2013 for the standardised calculation of greenhouse gas emissions for transport processes. The Lufthansa Group adheres to this guideline regarding the allocation of payload. The ISO 14083:2023 standard will be used as a basis from the 2024 reporting year. The unit of specific freight transport emissions of nitrogen oxides was corrected.



## [5] Vehicles (fuel)

The operational vehicles of the station, limousine service and maintenance divisions are analysed. Some of the previous year's figures for the vehicle fleets of individual areas are not available. The data on the fuel consumption of the vehicles is based on the actual amount of fuel used, which is documented by fuel card statements.

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## [6] Electricity, heat and water consumption

The Lufthansa Airlines and Lufthansa CityLine buildings are all rented from the airport companies in Munich and Frankfurt am Main. They submit the consumption data annually. In some cases, consumption is not shown separately in the rental agreement or due to a lack of meters and is therefore not included in this report. At the Frankfurt hub in particular, Lufthansa Airlines has in some cases only rented small areas in buildings. The full consumption data for these buildings is used in the report and summarised ("Other buildings/spaces").

# ٦

### [7] Material input

Paper consumption is requested from the supplier and corresponds to the amount of copy paper used in the reporting year.

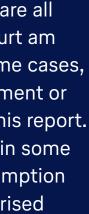
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### [8] Waste

The waste data and key figures are compiled and analysed annually from the transfer notes and invoices from the waste disposal companies.

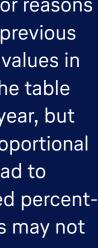
## Accuracy

The figures in the tables and charts have been rounded for reasons of presentation. However, the changes compared to the previous year or the pro rata percentage figures refer to the exact values in each case. For this reason, it is possible that a figure in the table may have remained the same compared to the previous year, but a relative change is still shown. Due to the rounding of proportional percentages, it is also possible that their addition may lead to different results compared to the addition of non-rounded percentages. For example, due to rounding, pro rata percentages may not add up to 100 per cent, although this would be logical.









# **Declaration of validity**



# CERTIFICATE

#### Lufthansa Airlines

#### Sites

Lufthansa Airlines München, Südallee 15, 85356 München-Flughafen Lufthansa CityLine GmbH, Südallee 15, 85356 München-Flughafen Lufthansa CityLine GmbH, Cargo City Süd, Geb. 520, (Halle 7), 60549 Frankfurt am Main and Lufthansa Airlines Frankfurt am Main, Airportring Mitte, Tor 21, Geb. 302, 60549 Frankfurt am Main

Registration-No.: DE-155-00158

Date of first registration 13th January 2000

This certificate is valid until 31<sup>th</sup> May 2027

This organisation has established an environmental management system according to EU-Regulation Nr. 1221/2009 and EN ISO 14001:2015 (section 4 to 10) to promote the continual improvement of environmental performance, publishes an environmental statement, has the environmental management system verified and the environmental statement validated by a verifier, is registered under EMAS (www.emas-register.de) and therefore is entitled to use the EMAS-Logo.



Munich, 13th June 2024 M You

Dr. Manfred Gößl Chief Executive Officer



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#### **INTECHNICA**

#### Erklärung des Umweltgutachters

#### zu den Begutachtungs- und Validierungstätigkeiten nach Anhang VII der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1221/2009 sowie nach Änderungs-VO 2017/1505 und 2018/2026

Der Unterzeichnende, Dr.-Ing. Reiner Beer EMAS-Umweltgutachter mit der Registrierungsnummer DE-V-0007, akkreditiert oder zugelassen für den Bereich 51.10 (NACE-Code Rev. 2), bestätigt, begutachtet zu haben, ob die gesamte Organisation/ wie in der Umwelterklärung der Organisation

#### Lufthansa Airlines:

#### Standort 1:

Lufthansa Airlines München, Südallee 15, 85356 München-Flughafen

Standort 2:

#### Lufthansa Airlines Frankfurt am Main, Airportring Mitte, Tor 21. Geb. 302, 60549 Frankfurt am Main

Standort 3:

#### Lufthansa Cityline GmbH, Südallee 15, 85356 München-Flughafen

Standort 4:

#### Lufthansa Cityline GmbH, Cargo City Süd, Geb. 520 (Halle 7), 60549 Frankfurt am Main

angegeben, alle Anforderungen der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1221/2009 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 25.11.2009 und Änderungs-VO 2017/1505 vom 28.08.2017 und 2018/2026 vom 19.12.2018 über die freiwillige Teilnahme von Organisationen an einem Gemeinschaftssystem für Umweltmanagement und Umweltbetriebsprüfung (EMAS) erfüllt.

Mit der Unterzeichnung dieser Erklärung wird bestätigt, dass die Begutachtung und Validierung in voller Übereinstimmung mit den Anforderungender Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1221/2009 und Änderungs-VO 2017/1505 und 2018/2026 durchgeführt wurden,

das Ergebnis der Begutachtung und Validierung bestätigt, dass keine Belege für die Nichteinhaltung der geltenden Umweltvorschriften vorliegen,

die Daten und Angaben der konsolidierten Umwelterklärung der Organisation / des Standortes ein verlässliches, glaubhaftes und wahrheitsgetreues Bild sämtlicher Tätigkeiten der Organisation/ des Standortes innerhalb des in der Umwelterklärung angegebenen Bereichs geben.

Diese Erklärung kann nicht mit einer EMAS-Registrierung gleichgesetzt werden. Die EMAS-Registrierung kann nur durch eine zuständige Stelle gemäß der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1221/2009 erfolgen. Diese Erklärung darf nicht als eigenständige Grundlage für die Unterrichtung der Öffentlichkeit verwendet werden.

Nürnberg, 03,06.2024 2lh

Dr.-Ing. Reiner Beer Umweltgutachter





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